






























































Type of extinguisher		Type of Fire, Class and Suitability							Comments	
		A	B	C	E	F	D**			
Colour scheme		Extinguishant	Wood, paper, plastics, etc	Flammable liquids	Flammable gases	Energized electrical equipment	Cooking oils and fats	Metal fires		
AS/NZS1841 -1997	AS1841 -1992									
		Water							Dangerous if used on flammable liquid, energized electrical equipment and cooking oil/fat fires	
		Wet Chemical							Dangerous if used on energized electrical equipment	
		Foam***					 LIMITED*		Dangerous if used on energized electrical equipment.	
		Powder	ABE							Special powders are available specifically for various types of metal fires (see **).
			BE							
		Carbon Dioxide							Generally not suitable for outdoor use. Suitable only for small fires.	
			LIMITED*	LIMITED*						
		Vaporizing Liquid							Check the characteristics of the specific extinguishant.	
		Fire Blanket								

* Limited indicates that the extinguishant is not the agent of choice for the class of fire, but that it will have a limited extinguishing capability.
** Class D fires (involving combustible metals). Use only special purpose extinguishers and seek expert advice.
*** Solvents which may mix with water, e.g. alcohol and acetone, are known as polar solvents and require special foam. These solvents break down conventional AFFF.